Imore

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

99999999999

In re Applicant:

Dennis L. Matthies

Art Unit:

2875

Serial No.:

09/904,269

Examiner:

Dalei Dong

Filed:

July 12, 2001

For:

Assembling Display Modules

Atty Docket: ITL.0571US

P11416

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

REPLY BRIEF

Sir:

This reply brief responds to the new points raised by the Examiner under the heading Response to Arguments.

Initially, the Examiner asserts that it would be obvious to flatten the sheets. See Examiner's Answer at pages 5-6. Of course, this simply begs the obviousness question and fails to make out a prima facie rejection. There is no obviousness per se and the Examiner's argument that something would be obvious without citing to something in the prior art is plainly insufficient.

The Examiner also argues at the top of page 6 of the Examiner's Answer that it is inherent property "that the sheet must be flattened or held in a flat configuration before being

Date of Deposit:

I hereby certify under 37 CFR 1.8(a) that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service as first class mail with sufficient postage on the date indicated above and is the Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450,

Alexandria VA 22313-1450

manufactured or before its being placed in the vacuum chuck." This is plainly incorrect. As

pointed out by the Applicant, commonly, sheets were and are processed unflattened. It results in

lots of problems. There is no reason that sheets must be held in a flat configuration. Unless

something is done, the sheets will not be held in a flattened configuration. Therefore, there is no

inherency here.

The Examiner continues to assert that once placed in a vacuum chuck, the sheet must be

flattened. But this simply is not so. If the sheet is sufficiently stiff, it will not be flattened by a

vacuum which is not sufficiently strong to flatten the sheet.

The Examiner also suggests that elements that are not in the claim are argued. However,

claim 1 calls for temporarily flattening the sheet, processing said sheet, and securing said sheet to

a second sheet while continuing to hold said sheet in a flattened configuration. Thus, the claim

clearly and explicitly calls for adding a component to the flattened sheet. The Examiner's

arguments to the contrary are incorrect.

Since the rejection is totally baseless, it should be reversed.

Respectfully submitted,

Date: March 19, 2004

Tixnothy N. Trop, Reg. No. 28,994

TROP, PRUNÉR & HU, P.C.

8554 Katy Freeway, Ste. 100

Houston, TX 77024

713/468-8880 [Phone]

713/468-8883 [Fax]

2